

RAHIMAH ABDUL HAMID

# Integrated Additive Manufacturing

A New Approach to Reduce Staircase Effect of 3D Printed Parts

AHMAD SYAFIQ MOHAMED SHAJAHAN MAIDIN RAHIMAH ABDUL HAMID

Penerbit UTeM Press Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka 2023

### © Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka ISBN: 978-967-2792-66-6

### FIRST PUBLISHED 2023

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, electronic, mechanical photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the Penerbit UTeM Press, Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka.

Member of the Malaysian Scholarly Publishing Council (MAPIM) Member of the Malaysian Book Publishers Association (MABOPA)

Universiti Teknikal Malaysi	Editor and Proof Reader
No. Akeecan	No. Panggilan  13 Manuscript Editor  13 Fatonah Salehuddin  Mohd. Hafizuddin Yusof
19 SEP 2023 Box	k Cover Designer and Typesetter

PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O

### Published and Printed in Malaysia by

Penerbit UTeM Press
Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka
Hang Tuah Jaya, 76100 Durian Tunggal, Melaka, Malaysia.
Tel: +606 270 1241 Faks: +606 270 1038



Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia

A catalogue record for this book is available from the National Library of Malaysia

ISBN 978-967-2792-66-6

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preface	VI
Abbreviations	ix
List of Symbols	xi
CHAPTER 1	
INTRODUCTION TO ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING	1
FUNDAMENTALS OF ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING	2
HISTORY OF AM TECHNOLOGY	3
GENERIC AM PROCESSES	9
CHAPTER 2	
AM TECHNOLOGY VS TRADITIONAL MANUFACTURING	17
ADVANTAGES OF ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING	17
TYPES OF MATERIALS IN AM TECHNOLOGY	19
APPLICATION OF AM TECHNOLOGY	22
COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN IN AM TECHNOLOGY	25
Standard Triangular Language (STL) File Format	26
SEVEN CATEGORIES OF AM TECHNOLOGY	28
EXTRUSION BASED SYSTEM	36
Pre-processing Method	
Post-processing Method	48
ULTRASONIC INTEGRATED STUDIES	56
VACUUM SYSTEM	62
Implementation of Vacuum System	64
Vacuum Dimensionality	
Vacuum Integrated Studies	67
CHAPTER 3	73
AN OPPORTUNITY IN INTEGRATED ULTRASONIC AND	
VACUUM SYSTEM FDM PROCESS	73
DESIGN CONSIDERATION OF VACUUM CHAMBER	
PILOT DISCOVERY	

CHAPTER 4	93
DISCOVERY OF INTEGRATED ULTRASONIC & VAC	UUM
SYSTEM FDM	93
COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS	93
RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOGY	99
SECUENTIAL MODEL SUM OF SQUARE AND LACK	OF
FIT TEST MODEL	100
ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE AND STATISTICAL ANAL	YSIS101
DIAGNOSTIC REPORT MODEL	104
GRAPH MODEL OF FACTORS INFLUENCE	107
MODEL VALIDATION	109
OPTIMIZATION OF RESPONSE PARAMETERS	110
CHAPTER 5	113
CHALLENGES AND FUTURE PERSPECTIVE	113
FUTURE PERSPECTIVE	115
REFERENCES	117
INDEX	127

# ultrasonic and vacuum system Integrated Additive Manufacturing

A New Approach to Reduce Staircase Effect of 30 Printed Parts

AM technologies have come through an evolution of rapid prototyping technologies over the last decade in the industry. Nevertheless, despite its capability to build functional part with complex geometrical shape, most semi-molten layered thermoplastic surface often uneven which lead towards rough and poor surface finish. This builds error also called as the "stair-stepping" phenomenon resulting from layer by layer manufacturing nature related to thermal

aspects. Effect of the stair-case effect on the surface finish of the final product have been previously addressed. It is often desirable for AM object to have aesthetic or functional importance. Hence reducing layer thickness will generally improve surface finish but will add the build time of one part. To counter this problem, researchers have suggested several methods. Most of the current technique and published information related to AM printed parts surface finish improvement concentrated on the post-processing activities such chemical treatment shows improvement however at the expense of change in the dimension and mechanical properties. Optimal parts build orientation can be achieve by selecting the optimal process parameters such as print orientation and interaction of these parameter and considering thickness of layer and slicing strategy. These post-process methods require the aid of additional equipment which in return requires cost, hazardous and increase production cycle time. Therefore, in this book a novel study of three different technologies, which FDM system, ultrasonic vibration and vacuum pressure will positively improve the quality of the part produce for cost and time effective by eliminating extra processing requirement is introduced and discussed.



AHMAD SYAFIQ MOHAMED, received his Master of Science and Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) in Manufacturing Engineering majoring in Design Manufacturing from Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka. He started his professional career in pharmaceutical industry as Technical Process Support specialized in development of lines efficiency and optimization, assessment, testing, qualification, installation and commissioning at Kotra Pharma (M) Sdn. Bhd. based in Melaka. His area of interest includes mechanical design, manufacturing process, machining and additive manufacturing.



SHAJAHAN MAIDIN is an Associate Professor and has served 19 years both in academic and research at the Faculty of Manufacturing Engineering, Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM). He received his BEng (Hons) in Manufacturing System Engineering from the University of Portsmouth, United Kingdom. MSc. in Manufacturing System Engineering from the University of Warwick, United Kingdom. Ph.D. in Manufacturing Engineering from the Loughborough University, United Kingdom. He has published more than 100 technical research papers. He is a certified Charted Engineer (Institution of Mechanical Engineers, United Kingdom) and a Professional Technologist (Malaysia Board of Technologists) as well as a Professional Engineer (Board of Engineers Malaysia). He is a certified professional for Autodesk AutoCAD. His current research and publication interest include additive manufacturing and sustainable product design and manufacture.



RAHIMAH ABDUL HAMID is a senior lecturer at the Faculty of Manufacturing Engineering, Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM), Malaysia, since 2006. She received her BEng in Engineering (Mechanical) from Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia (UTHM), her MSc in Production Systems Engineering from RWTH Aachen, Germany, and her Ph.D. from Tokushima University, Japan, in Intelligent Structures and Mechanics Systems Engineering. Her research interests include Additive Manufacturing, product development, and dental CAD/CAM.



UTeM Press

Website: https://penerbit.utem.edu.my Books@filing.thttps://utembooks.utem.edu.my Email: penerbit@utem.edu.my





